

## AGAIN FRUITLESS.

Second Ballot for United States Senator for Kentucky.

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 25.—Promptly at 12 o'clock Wednesday the presence of "the senate of Kentucky," headed by President Worthington, was formally announced and was received in the house, the house members rising and presenting a familiar appearance.

The roll call showed 136 present, 69 being necessary to a choice. The absentees were Senator Ogilvie, democrat, and the vacant chair of Senator Salyer, deceased.

The first thing in order was a comparison of the vote in separate sessions Tuesday. This completed, the assembly proceeded to take the first joint ballot.

The senate democrats voted for Blackburn, the republicans for Hunter, the bolters for Boyle, and sound money democrats for Davis and others, and the vote in that division of the assembly showed no change from Tuesday.

The house ballot was without change till the name of Stout (dem.) was reached. He voted for Hunter. Great excitement now prevails.

The result, however, left Hunter two votes short of an election as follows:

Hunter.....	67
Blackburn.....	49
Davis.....	11
Boyle.....	6
Buckner.....	1
Stone.....	1
Tyler.....	1

The democrats and bolting republicans combined and forced an adjournment without another ballot.

On the adjournment proposition Stout, Swinford and Violet voted with the Hunter men against it, but the motion carried, 69 to 67.

Hunter men are elated with Wednesday's ballot, which showed the accession of Stout (dem.) and no more defections from the republican side.

Representative George Lieberth, of Newport, and Adj. Gen. Dan Collier had a personal difficulty on the floor of the joint assembly. Collier is a Bradley man and overheard a remark made by Lieberth. They abused each other roundly and attempted to get together, but were kept apart by friends. The matter may not be at its end.

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 25.—The republican state central committee Wednesday took a hand in the senatorial fight by adopting the following resolution:

Whereas, Six of the republican members of the general assembly refuse to support the republican nominee for United States senator,

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to wait upon the governor and request him to urge the said six republicans to support the nominee of their party.

The entire state central committee then called on the governor in a body with Chairman C. U. Barnett at their head. Gov. Bradley knew what had been done before the committee called. When they arrived the governor said he was too busy to see them. They will issue a card Thursday denouncing the governor's action.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 25.—At 1 o'clock Thursday morning the Courier-Journal's Frankfort correspondent says there will be no election of a senator. Dr. Hunter needs two more votes, but the opposition does not believe he can get them.

## TRAFFIC ORGANIZATIONS

In Chicago in a State of Suspended Animation Owing to the Supreme Court Decision.

CHICAGO, March 25.—All railroad traffic organizations in this city refrained from transacting any business Wednesday which had to do with the regulation of rates or division of business. Although the executive officers and clerical force at the various headquarters remained at their desks only routine business and that which does not come within the ban of the supreme court's decision was attended to. Practically all the associations are in a state of suspended animation, "looking over the ground and waiting to find out where they stand," as Chairman Caldwell, of the Western Passenger association, expressed it.

The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad gave a sweeping notice of withdrawal Wednesday from membership in every freight and passenger traffic association. The general counsel of that company advised the passenger officials not to affiliate with other roads. The notice includes the bureau for the issue of mileage tickets and half-fare clergy permits, which are departments of the Western Passenger association.

## GAS EXPLOSION.

Forty Acres of Coal in a Wilkesbarre Mine on Fire.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 25.—Shortly after 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon the people living in the eastern part of this city were startled by a loud report resembling an earthquake.

The gas in an eight-inch bore hole which had been sunk from the surface over No. 2 mine, operated by the Delaware & Hudson Coal Co., into the pit below had ignited and the flames shot up into the air a distance of fully 50 feet.

It is impossible to tell when the fire will be subdued as it is estimated that fully forty acres of coal are on fire in the mine below. This mine has been on fire for some years past. The bore hole was sunk for the purpose of tapping the gas and letting it escape to permit water to run in.

## Landslides on Railway Tracks.

WHEELING, W. Va., March 25.—Rains for the past day or so have caused the railroads running into this city much worry. On the B. & O., at the narrows, three miles south, almost the entire side of the mountain slipped toward the river, covering the tracks completely. The Benwood & Southern railroad sustained several thousand dollars' damage at the same point.

## No Statue to Gen. Butler.

BOSTON, March 25.—The house Wednesday defeated 61 to 99 the resolution for a monument in the state house yard to Gen. B. F. Butler.

## JOS. C. SMITH

Will Stay as a Bureau of American Republic Director.

Dr. Bernhard Bettmann, of Cincinnati, Appointed Internal Revenue Collector for the First Ohio District—Other Appointments and Confirmations.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The president Tuesday sent to the senate the following nominations: Bernhard Bettmann, of Ohio, to be collector of internal revenue for the First district of Ohio; Chester H. Brush, of Connecticut, to be recorder of the general land office.



BERNHARD BETTMANN.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The president has decided not to waste any more time in regard to the appointment of Jos. C. Smith as director of the bureau of American republics, but notwithstanding the protests of some of the South American members of the bureau, he has instructed Secretary Sherman to put Mr. Smith in charge, and to notify the representatives of the other governments of this order.

Secretary Sherman therefore sent a note to each of the ministers of the Central and South American republics, notifying them that the president, having examined the law establishing the bureau, and the regulations governing its administration, had found nothing therein which restricted his power to remove or appoint the director of the bureau at will, and that, in the exercise of that power, he had appointed Mr. Smith to that position.

There may be some little irritation among the ministers over this, but Mr. Smith will get his place and things will quiet down.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The following appointments were made in the treasury department Tuesday: Maj. Fred S. Brackett to be appointment clerk, vice Scott Mesbit transferred to coast and geodetic survey as disbursing clerk; Capt. William A. Rogers, of Ohio, to be chief of division in the office of the auditor of the war department, vice Eugene Speer, resigned.

The senate has confirmed the following nominations: Willis Vandeventer, of Wyoming, to be attorney general; Capt. Charles Shaller to be major, ordnance department.

## Tents for Flood Sufferers.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The senate has passed a joint resolution authorizing the secretary of war to purchase, not exceeding 1,000 tents to be used for the relief of the sufferers by the floods in the Mississippi valley.

## Controller Bowler Resigns.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—Robert Bowler, of Cincinnati, controller of the treasury, has tendered his resignation. Bowler called on Secretary Gage and resigned verbally, saying that he would tender his written resignation if so desired. Gage said the matter would rest for the time being. Bowler will serve until his successor shall be appointed.

Clearance Papers for the Bermuda. WASHINGTON, March 24.—The treasury department Tuesday directed that clearance papers be granted the alleged filibuster Bermuda, now at Ferdinandina, Fla. The Bermuda's captain took the oath required by the department to the effect that the vessel would not transfer any part of her cargo to any other vessel before reaching her destination, nor take on board more men than was required to run her. The steamer will clear for some port in the West Indies, not Spanish, with a cargo of munitions of war.

## THE HAZELTON WRECK.

None of the Bodies of the Five Victims Have Been Recovered.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., March 24.—Two weeks time has passed since a Chicago & Nashville limited passenger train was wrecked at a washout above Hazelton, Ind. None of the bodies of the five victims has been recovered. The smoker, in which the men were seated when the accident happened, is a total wreck, only the floor remaining. The bodies have either floated away or are buried under several feet of sand. The baggage car was entered by the divers Tuesday afternoon. Three sacks of paper mail and two trunks were recovered, all being water soaked. One of the latter bore the address "F. M. Finney, Marietta, Ga."

He had two trunks in the baggage car, one of which contained \$10,000 worth of diamonds, jewelry and relics. The work of repairing the damage to the Evansville & Terre Haute road bed can not be resumed until White river gets within its banks. It fell an inch in the last 24 hours. It is reported rising above Hazelton.

The Ohio river at this point registered 39 feet at 6 p. m., and is falling.

## Rescuer May Die.

PERT, Ind., March 24.—A traction engine crashed through a bridge near here Tuesday, catching Dingman Hawkins under it. He was injured internally. George McClintic, who was a rescuer, fell over, stricken with heart disease, and is in a critical condition at this hour.

## Fish Bone Causes Death.

NEW YORK, March 24.—While eating fish on St. Patrick's day Miss Mary Mullrine, of middle age, swallowed a fish bone, which lodged in her throat. The bone caused an abscess, which resulted in the woman's death.

## TO LINCOLN.

Bill Introduced to Erect a Monument at Gettysburg—Agricultural Bill Reported and Placed on the Calendar.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The agricultural bill was reported and placed on the calendar. Mr. Cullom (rep., Ill.) giving notice that he would ask consideration of it at an early day.

Mr. Cullom also introduced a bill for a monument to Abraham Lincoln at Gettysburg, Pa.

Mr. Allen (pop., Neb.) followed up his attack of Tuesday on the civil service by the introduction of a bill to repeal and annul the civil service act, all acts supplementary to it and all executive orders issued thereon. It makes it the duty of heads of departments to establish reasonable and just rules for the examination of applicants for office, such rules to have reference to specific fitness. The bill was read in full and referred to the committee to examine the several branches of the civil service.

Among the bills introduced was one by Mr. Hoar (rep., Mass.) to forbid the carrying through the mails or by interstate commerce of kinetoscope representations of prize fights. Referred to the judiciary committee.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—A gallant rescue was effected at an early hour Wednesday morning by the crew of the life saving station at Long Beach, N. J. Superintendent Kimball, of the life saving service received a telegram the keeper there saying that the Clyde line steamer Saginaw, of New York, from Hayti to New York with a cargo of logwood and cotton, went ashore one and a half miles from the station at 4 o'clock. The 35 persons on board, including one passenger, were saved. The keeper adds that when the rescue was made the sea was rolling high, the wind northwest and the atmosphere foggy. It is thought the steamer will float at the next high tide.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The president Wednesday approved two joint resolutions of congress, one authorizing the payment of session employees of congress, and the other providing for mileage and stationery.

Fred C. Squires, of Michigan, formerly clerk to the house committee on privileges and claims, has been appointed private secretary to the secretary of war.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The senate committee on appropriations Wednesday morning ordered the agricultural bill reported just as it recently passed the house and as it was sent to the president near the close of the last session. There is little probability of any other appropriation bill being reported this week.

Mr. Brownlow (rep., Tenn.) introduced in the house Wednesday a bill establishing a department of commerce, labor and manufactures, its head to be a cabinet officer, and the necessary clerical force is provided for.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—Mr. Bailey of Texas, the minority leader in the house, stated Wednesday that he would not close the debate on the tariff bill for his side Thursday, but would ask the house to permit him to reserve his time, to the close of the five minute debate on March 31st next. Mr. Bailey could hardly speak above a whisper Wednesday night and says his throat is in such a condition that it would be impossible for him to speak Thursday.

## Their Commissions Signed.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The president Wednesday signed the commissions of John Hay, ambassador to the court of St. James; Horace Porter, ambassador to France, and Henry White, first secretary of embassy at London.

## FIVE BURNED.

Children of Frank Penrod, at Laddville, Ia., Cremated—The Parents Were at Church Only One Hundred Feet Away.

OTTUMWA, Ia., March 25.—Five children of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Penrod, at Laddville, a little mining town on the Wapello and Davis county line, were burned to death Tuesday night. The parents of the children took the oldest child of the family, a son aged 12, and a baby in the arms of its mother, and went to a religious meeting, having first put the other five children to bed. The school house where the services were held were only a hundred feet away from the Penrod house. About 9 o'clock an alarm of fire was given and Penrod, with the other occupants of the schoolhouse, rushed out to find his house in flames. Penrod succeeded in pulling two of the boys out, horribly burning himself in the act. The two never regained consciousness, however.

The others were burned until only a few bones were found in the debris of the house. The coroner's inquest threw no light on the origin of the fire.

## HEROIC METHOD

Adopted to Save a Fireman From a Horrible Death.

MARIETTA, O., March 25.—In a blinding snow storm Wednesday morning a freight train on the Cleveland & Marietta railway ran into a landslide, throwing the engine and five cars into the Tuscarawas river at Eagle Hill. Engineer Haddock, although perhaps fatally wounded, swam ashore.

Fireman Dye was pinioned between the engine and tender, and death seemed certain to him from the flames in the wreck, but with rare presence of mind and nerve he called upon a miner, Ed Jones, to take his pocket knife and cut his arm off, which was done, saving him from a horrible death.

## An Act of Polliteness.

MADRID, March 25.—Secretary of State Sherman, it is semi-officially announced, has thanked the Spanish minister at Washington, Senor Dupuy De Lome, for the conduct of Spain in releasing from imprisonment the American citizens recently set at liberty in Cuba.

## Earl of Aberdeen's Successor.

LONDON, March 25.—Mr. Laborer's Truth learns that the duke of Leeds will be appointed to succeed the earl of Aberdeen as governor general of the Dominion of Canada, the latter returning to England in 1898.

## FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

## Extraordinary Session.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—SENATE.—The senate was in open session Thursday for about an hour, during which time a large number of bills which had been on the calendar or in the files of the committee of the last and prior congresses were reintroduced, and the bill for the adjustment of the government debts of the Pacific railroad companies was reported and placed on the calendar. A resolution was agreed to instructing the committee on foreign relations to inquire and report whether the Danish West India islands of St. Croix, St. John and St. Thomas can now be purchased, and whether, if not purchased by the United States, they would probably be sold to some other power. After an executive session the senate at 2:15 p. m. adjourned until Friday.

HOUSE.—The house of representatives met Thursday pursuant to adjournment on Monday, but the committee on ways and means being not ready to report the tariff bill, on motion by Mr. Henderson (rep., Ia.), immediately after the reading of the journal, it adjourned until Friday.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—SENATE.—When the senate met Friday the number of bills that had been introduced the three days of the extraordinary session was 785, when it adjourned—after about one hour's public session—the number had run up to 953. Almost all of them had been introduced in the last and former congresses. The senate went into executive session on Friday morning at 12:30, and at 4 p. m. adjourned until Monday.

HOUSE.—Mr. Dingley (rep., Me.) returned the tariff bill with a recommendation that it do pass which with the accompanying report was placed on the calendar. Consent was given for the minority to file their views Monday. Mr. Dalzell (rep., Pa.) presented a resolution from the committee on rules providing for the consideration of the tariff bill to be called for general debate beginning on Monday next and including Thursday, the 25th inst., from 10 a. m. until 11 p. m. with a recess from 5 to 8. Then consideration under the ten minute rule, the bill to be open for amendment until 3 p. m. Wednesday the 31st, when the voting on the amendments and bills shall begin.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—SENATE.—Not in session.

HOUSE.—The house Saturday pushed through the two remaining "left-over" appropriation bills, according to Friday's schedule, the agricultural bill carrying \$5,000,000 for the Indian carrying \$7,670,230. The sentiment of the house against the provision in the Indian bill opening to entry, under the mining laws, the lands in the Uncompahgre reservation in Utah, containing gilsonite or asphaltum deposits, which was inserted in the bill by the senate, was so intense that it was stricken out by unanimous consent.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—SENATE.—The legislative session of the senate Monday lasted but 49 minutes, the arbitration treaty between the United States and Great Britain being taken up thereafter behind closed doors. In the short open session nearly 200 bills were introduced and many others were reported back from committees. Included in the latter were the "free homestead" bill and the amendment with the provision that the Canadian laborers eliminated—both of which were under consideration in the last congress, the latter failing to become a law owing to President Cleveland's veto of the four great appropriation bills—the agricultural bill, the sundry civil bill, the general deficiency—which also failed for lack of Mr. Cleveland's signature, which were reintroduced and passed by the house, were referred to the committee on appropriations.

HOUSE.—The tariff debate was fairly and evenly contested in the house Monday and will be kept up for the next three days, after which time the discussion will be on amendments that may be ordered. The reading of the bill Monday occupied nearly two hours and a half, although there was no pretense on the part of the clerk that he was following the text in full.

The chair was occupied by Mr. Sherman (rep., N. Y.) as chairman of the committee of the whole. The opening speech was made by Mr. Dingley (rep., Me.), chairman of the committee on ways and means, and was an extensive explanation and defense of the measure. The first speech in antagonism to it was made by Mr. Wheeler (D., Ala.), a member of the committee on ways and means. At 5 o'clock under the order governing the consideration of the tariff bill, the house took a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be devoted to a continuance of the debate. Mr. Hopkins (R., Ill.) was designated to act as chairman at the evening session.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—SENATE.—The senate indulged Tuesday in an almost one sided denunciation of the civil service law and its administration. The matter came up in the shape of a resolution offered by Mr. Allen (pop., Neb.), directing the committee on civil service to inquire into the dismissal of some half dozen employees (microscopists) of the bureau of animal industry in South Omaha, Neb. Mr. Allen's motion, after a long debate, was agreed to, with an amendment. Bills passed: To establish the official survey of fractional townships in Nebraska; to amend the act repealing the timber culture laws; the Torrey bankruptcy bill (modified) was reported and was, on motion of Mr. Hoar, made the unfinished business, and not immediately taken up. A constitutional amendment to make the 30th of April inauguration day was introduced by Mr. Hoar (rep., Ind.) made an argument in favor of a constitutional amendment to make United States senators elective by popular vote instead of by state legislatures.

HOUSE.—Tuesday was spent in debate on the tariff bill. The senate joint resolution appropriating \$18,000 to enable the secretary of war to purchase tents for the homeless victims of the Mississippi river flood was agreed to. At 5 o'clock a recess was taken until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be occupied on the tariff bill.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—SENATE.—The senate spent only half an hour in open session Wednesday, the remainder of the time being given to the consideration of the arbitration treaty behind closed doors. The agricultural bill—one of the four money bills that failed at the last session—was reported back in the shape in which it passed through the house last week, and was placed on the calendar. It will be acted on at an early day. A bill prohibiting the exhibition in the District of Columbia of kinetoscope illustrations of prize fights, and also prohibiting the transportation of narcotics therefor through the mails or through the avenues of interstate commerce, was introduced by Mr. Hoar (rep., Mass.) and was referred to the judiciary committee.

HOUSE.—Large audiences in the galleries, at an unusually large attendance on the floor of the house of representatives, heard the third day's general debate on the tariff bill. The principal speeches of the day were those of Messrs. Johnson, of North Dakota; Grosvenor, of Ohio, and Evans, of Kentucky; republican members of the committee on ways and means in favor of the bill; and of Mr. McMullin (Tenn.), the oldest democratic member, against it. Other speeches were made by Messrs. Fox (dem., Miss.), Sins (dem., Tenn.), Williams (dem., Ark.), Terry (dem., Ark.), Sayers (dem., Tex.) and Maddox (dem., Ga.) against the bill, and by Messrs. Adams (rep., Pa.) and Walker (rep., Mass.) in favor of it. The general debate will be closed Thursday.

## A Hurricane at Huntington, W. Va.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., March 25.—The wind has been blowing a perfect hurricane here since 10 o'clock Tuesday night. The local packets were unable to make their runs, and the steam ferry has only made a few crossings during the day.

## Japan Adopts a Gold Standard.

LONDON, March 25.—The bill adopting the gold standard has passed the house of peers of Japan, and only awaits the signature of the emperor to become a law. The demand for gold on Japanese account continues in the market here.

## THE OUTLOOK

In Canaan and Vicinity Not Very Reassuring—Body of Turkish Troops Held at Bay by Christian Insurgents.

CANEA, March 23.—The outlook in this city and vicinity is not very reassuring. The situation of the Turkish garrison in the fort at Malaxa is very critical. The place is besieged by insurgents, and the Turkish troops have not enough provisions to last them more than two days. Attempts have been made to revictual the fort, but the insurgents have rendered the efforts fruitless. If the Christians capture the forts at Malaxa and Keratide, which it now appears highly probable they will do, Canea will be virtually blockaded landward.



OSMAN PASHA.

(Chief Commander of the Turkish Army.)

Malaxa is within the limits of the Turkish cordon drawn by the admirals of the foreign fleets, but this fact does not prevent the operations of the insurgents within the line, they refusing to recognize the authority of the admirals to establish such cordon.

A body of Turkish troops who were trying to convey provisions to the fort at Malaxa were held in check throughout the day by the Christian insurgents.

The troops, finding that they could not reach the forts, signaled the gunboats, requesting aid. The gunboats opened fire upon the insurgents, but could not drive them from the positions that they occupied, which effectually commanded the approaches to the fort. So far as known the fire from the warships did no damage. The insurgent leaders reiterate their refusal to accept autonomy from the powers, and declare that if the island is not annexed to Greece, they desire war. If it were not for the support accorded the Turks by the powers, they would in a short time be driven from the island. It is believed here that success has so intoxicated the leaders of the insurgents that they would not hesitate to assume actual hostilities against the troops of the powers. If they should join forces with the Greek army of occupation and resist the powers, it would take a strong force and a large expenditure of money to conquer them.

## IN SOUTH AMERICA

Will Wood Says He Will Sail—His Disolute Career in Baltimore—Ordered Out of Town.

BALTIMORE, March 23.—Will Wood, of Pearl Bryan fame, came to Baltimore in October, matriculated in the college of physicians and surgeons. He did this as a blind, as he never took up the course.

He obtained a room with H. C. McCabe, police reporter on the Baltimore World, and went with McCabe to the police station soon after his arrival. He was recognized by Eugene Granman, former chief of the B. & O. detectives. Wood acknowledged his identity, and told McCabe the story of his connection with Pearl Bryan's murder.

He said that he introduced Jackson to Pearl Bryan and that Jackson ruined her. Wood said he tried to help Jackson out of the scrape, claiming that he wrote to Jackson to send the necessary medicines, and that Jackson wrote him to send Pearl Bryan to Cincinnati.

Wood had copies of his own and the originals of Jackson's letters in a scrap book which he showed McCabe. He said that he thought Jackson cut off Pearl's head. Wood became enamored of a dissolute woman about Christmas and took up his residence with her. Dr. Dawson, pastor of the Guilford avenue M. E. Church, a friend of Wood's father, tried to persuade him to leave the woman, but to no avail.

Wood's father wrote to McCabe, begging him to save his son. All the efforts of Dr. Dawson and of McCabe failing, Police Detective Tod Hall, an earnest Y. M. C. A. worker, was called in. He went to Wood and ordered him to leave town, supplying him with a ticket bought with money sent by Wood's father. This was three weeks ago.

Wood told McCabe he would visit Greencastle for a week, and then proposed to sail to South Africa, where he could escape newspaper hounding. He seemed weighed down with remorse all the time he was here.

## Dangerous Prisoners Escape.

JOLIET, Ill., March 23.—The three most dangerous prisoners in the Will county jail here, all counterfeiters who had been held to await the action of the federal grand jury, escaped early Monday morning by sawing through the bars of two windows, taking down a heavy iron screen and dropping in safety 20 feet to the ground. The fugitives are James Foley, Jacob Johnson and John Albert Skeog, the last named being a noted counterfeiter.

## Devil Worshipers.

NEW YORK, March 23.—Diana Vaughn, of Paris, the high priestess of the mysterious sect of "Luciferians," or devil worshipers, is coming here to lecture. Several members of the sect are in the French and Italian colonies in this city already.

## Fire at Huron, S. D.

HURON, S. D., March 23.—Fire here Monday morning destroyed \$75,000 worth of property, including the Alliance building, valued at \$35,000, insured for \$10,000. The United States weather bureau lost all its records and instruments.

1667 BUS. POTATOES PER ACRE. Don't believe it, nor did the editor until he saw Salzer's great farm seed catalogue. It's wonderful what an array of facts and figures and new things and big yields and great testimonials it contains.

SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10 CENTS STAMPS TO JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis., for catalogue and 12 rare farm seed samples, worth \$10, to get a start.

A Cincinnati Joke.—"Why is Tugby like the Ohio river?" "Don't know. Why is he?" "Because he's always getting in on the ground floor."—Chicago Record.

## Largest in the World.

The Winchester Repeating Arms Co., New Haven, Ct., are the largest manufacturers of repeating rifles, repeating shot guns, single shot rifles and ammunition in the world. From a small beginning this famous company has gained the enviable position it now holds through the unequalled excellence of its guns and ammunition. Winchester goods are far superior in every way to any others on the market, as all who have used them will testify. In most parts of the world to shoot means to use a Winchester, and to use a Winchester gun means to shoot Winchester ammunition, for the best results are always obtained by the combination of Winchester guns and Winchester ammunition. This company sends a large illustrated catalogue free upon request.

A little boy with long golden curls, and dressed in a sailor suit, is not near as pretty as his mamma imagines.

## Lands in Central Wisconsin

Are now as desirable as any in the market. The lands particularly in the central and northern part of Wisconsin are being rapidly taken up by actual settlers.

The most salable are the timber and meadow lands now ranging in price from \$6.00 to \$12.00 per acre. For a home or for investment no luckier chance in the West has ever before been offered. No better farming land exists anywhere. No greater results can be obtained anywhere. Schools and churches abound. Nearby markets for all farm products. Wisconsin is one of the banner states of the West. For further information address or call upon W. E. Powell, General Immigration Agent, 410 Old Colony Building, Chicago, Ill.

The blossoms of spring are the prophets of autumn. So a joyful service in youth promises a rich fruition in after years.

## Homeseekers' Excursions at Half Rates

Via the Missouri Pacific Railway and Iron Mountain Route, to points in the West and Southwest. Tickets on sale Tuesday, April 6th and 20th and May 4th and 18th. For descriptive and illustrated pamphlets of the different States, time and most folders, address H. C. Townsend, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

When a little old man wants to make an impression, he puts on a plug hat.

Backache, toothache, frost-bites, too. St. Jacobs Oil will cure—that's true.

People think you are as silly as you think they are.—Atchison Globe.

Just try a 10c box of Cascarets candy cathartic, finest liver and bowel regulator made. It is more important to bear good fruit than much fruit.—Ram's Horn.

All kinds, little or big. St. Jacobs Oil surely cures aches and pains.

You can't fool a lot of people, though it is easy to fool one.—Atchison Globe.

Cascarets stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe, 10c.

If the gossip would think more, her tongue would get more rest.—Ram's Horn.

**Spring**  
Is the time to purify your blood and fortify your system against the dangers which threaten the health because of impurities accumulated in the blood. Take

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
The One True Blood Purifier. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. Hood's Pills act easily, promptly and

The **Waverley** Bicycle  
There IS a Difference

May be you